

Arkansas Department of Health

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Engineering Section, Slot 37 • Telephone 501-661-2623 • Fax 501-661-2032 www.healthy.arkansas.gov • After Hours Emergency 501-661-2136

April 17, 2025

NICOLE BATES VAN BUREN COUNTY W U A P.O. BOX 780 CLINTON AR 72031

Re: 2024 Annual Drinking Water Report (Consumer Confidence Report), PWS: 727

Enclosed is your water system's 2024 Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) and a certification form. **The CCR must be distributed by July 1, 2025.** It is the responsibility of your water system to thoroughly review the report for accuracy.

Your water system is required to distribute its CCR in **one** of the following ways:

- 1. Electronic Distribution (website)
- 2. Direct Delivery Mailing or hand delivering to each residential and commercial customer

Electronic Distribution is the easiest and least costly way to deliver the CCR to your customers. You do not have to have your own website to use this method. Your CCR is already published on the Department of Health's Engineering Section's website, but you have to let your customers know the website address.

I. For Electronic Distribution (Website):

1. **By July 1, 2025,** a notice must be mailed to customers alerting them that the CCR is available electronically. The notice must contain a direct URL to the CCR and state that copies of the report are available upon request. Please use the exact wording below, and be aware that the website for your CCR has been changed from previous years:

Your Annual Drinking Water Quality Report is available at health.arkansas.gov/eng/727. Copies are available upon request from our office.

- 2. A copy of the water bill or notification that will be sent to the customers must be delivered to our office **prior to sending it to customers**. See our contact information at the bottom of this page.
- 3. If the water system is aware that its customers are unable to receive CCRs electronically, it must provide a paper CCR using one of the traditional delivery methods.

II. Good Faith Effort to Reach Consumers Who Don't Receive Bills

EPA requires that your system make a good faith effort to get the CCR to consumers who do not receive water bills, such as renters and out-of-town workers. Some methods you may want to use include mailing multiple copies for posting to apartment complexes and large employers.

III. Certification Form

- 1. The enclosed Certification Form should be completed and sent to our office on or before July 1, 2025.
- 2. The Form must also be accompanied by a copy of the CCR you distributed.

Please carefully read all the above requirements to avoid redistribution of the CCR and receiving a violation for inadequate reporting.

Your water system is required to maintain a copy of its Consumer Confidence Report for three (3) years.

If you have any questions or need assistance, please call Doug Dawson or Bethany McMullen at 501-661-2623, fax to our attention at 501-661-2032, or e-mail us at ADH.CCR@arkansas.gov.

Van Buren County Water Association 2024 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Drinking Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water, and we want you to understand, and be involved in, the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources.

Where Does Our Drinking Water Come From?

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. We purchase treated water from Clinton Water Department whose source is surface water from Greer's Ferry Lake.

How Safe Is The Source Of Our Drinking Water?

The Arkansas Department of Health has completed a Source Water Vulnerability Assessment for Clinton Water Department. The assessment summarizes the potential for contamination of our source of drinking water and can be used as a basis for developing a source water protection plan. Based on the various criteria of the assessment, our water source has been determined to have a low susceptibility to contamination. You may request a summary of the Source Water Vulnerability Assessment from our office.

What Contaminants Can Be In Our Drinking Water?

As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. Contaminants that may be present in source water include: <u>Microbial contaminants</u> such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; <u>Inorganic contaminants</u> such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; <u>Pesticides and herbicides</u> which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses; <u>Organic chemical contaminants</u> including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems; <u>Radioactive contaminants</u> which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure tap water is safe to drink, EPA has regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Am I at Risk?

All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. However, some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from small amounts of contamination. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791. In addition, EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by microbiological contaminants are also available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline.

Lead and Drinking Water

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We are responsible for providing high quality drinking water but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

How Can I Learn More About Our Drinking Water?

If you have any questions about this report, or concerning your water utility, please contact Nicholas Stithem, Manager, at 501-745-2220. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the third Monday of each month at 5:00 PM at the Van Buren County Water Association Office, 1214 Highway 95 East in Clinton.

TEST RESULTS

We and Clinton Water Department routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. The test results table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2024. In the table you might find terms and abbreviations you are not familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements, which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) – unenforceable public health goal; the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - the highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - the level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU) – a unit of measurement for the clarity of water. Turbidity in excess of 5 NTU is just noticeable to the average person.

Parts per billion (ppb) - a unit of measurement for detected levels of contaminants in drinking water. One part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Parts per million (ppm) – a unit of measurement for detected levels of contaminants in drinking water. One part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

VBCWA – Van Buren County Water Association

						<u>ESULTS</u> IDITY							
Contaminant	Violation Y/N					MCLG (Public Health Goal)		MCL (Allowable Level)				Major Sources in Drinking Water	
Turbidity (Clinton Water)	pidity N		Highest yearly sample result: 0.96 Lowest monthly % of samples meeting the turbidity limit: 96%			NA		Any measurement in excess of 1 NTU constitutes a violation A value less than 95% of samples meeting the limit of 0.3 NTU, constitutes a violation			runoff		
 Turbidity is a their filtratio 		ent of the	cloudiness of	water. C	linton	monitor	s it beca	ause	it is a	good indica	tor of the	e effectiveness of	
]	NORGAN	NIC CO	ONTAMI	NANTS						
Contaminant		olation Y/N Level Detec		ted Unit		MCLG (Public Health Goal)		oal)	(Allow	MCL vable Level)	Major S	Sources in Drinking Water	
uoride Clinton Water)		N	Average: 0.71 Range: 0.60 - 0.91		ppm		4.0			4.0	water ad	rosion of natural deposits; ater additive which romotes strong teeth	
Nitrate [as Nitroge (Clinton Water)	en]	N	N 0.20		ppm	om 10		10		leaching sewage;	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits		
			LEAD	AND CO	PPER	ТАР МО	NITOR	ING			acposits		
Contaminant Nun			nber of Sites over Action Level		90 th Percentile Result		Unit		ion vel	Major Sources in Drinki		Drinking Water	
Lead (VBCWA)			0 of 20		< 0.001		ppm	-	0.015 Corrosion from				
Copper (VBCWA) ♦ We are curre customers' t	ently on a read	0 of 20 educed mo sults above	nitoring sched e are from our	ule and a last mon	nitorin	quired to g period NE INFO	in 2024	e onco . Our	e ever	y three year	rs for lea	natural deposits d and copper at ou period is in 2027.	
				eral regu ne invent	ulatior ory is	ns, we ha available	ive deve e from c	elope				o identify potentia	
						NIC CAR							
requirement	s set by US	EPA were	met. Total org cts. These by-	anic carl	bon (1 s inclu	ГОС) has de Trihal	no hea ometha	alth e	ffects;	however, i	t provide	nd all TOC remov es a medium for th Is (HAAs).	
	Violation					ISINFEC [®]	RDLG			MRDL	Major	Sources in Drinking	
Disinfectant	Y/N	Leve	D 45	Un	it	(Public Health Goa		oal)	(Allov	wable Level)	-	Water Water additive used to	
Chlorine (VBCWA)	Ν	Range: 0 -	- 0.5			n 4.0 INKING WATER DIS			4.0			control microbes	
Contamir	ant	Violatio							Unit	MCL		MCL	
HAA5 [Haloacetic Acids] (VBCWA)		Y/N N	Range: 2.6	Longest Running Annua Range: 2.66 – 20.1						(Public Heal	th Goal)	(Allowable Level) 60	
TTHM [Total Trihalomethanes] (VBCWA)		N	Longest Ru	Longest Running Annua Range: 23.8 – 32.4			al Average: 28.1			NA		80	
			on is on a redu	uced mor			le and i			sample in t	he first a	nd third quarters	

This institution is an equal opportunity provider and employer.

2024 CONSUMER CONFIDENCE REPORT (CCR) CERTIFICATION FORM

VAN BUREN COUNTY W U A **PWS ID #: 727** 3500 Persons

IMPORTANT: Attach a complete copy of your water system's CCR exactly as it was distributed to your customers, even if the report was prepared by our office.

The community water system named above hereby confirms that its Consumer Confidence Report has been distributed to customers (and appropriate notices of availability have been given). Further, the system certifies that the information contained in the report is correct and consistent with the compliance monitoring data previously submitted to the primacy agency.

CERTIFIED BY: Printed Name:	Title:

Phone #: _____ Signature: _____

The 2024 Consumer Confidence Report was distributed by the following method(s) (check all that apply – don't forget to include dates):

□ The CCR was distributed electronically (website).

Customers were notified by mail of electronic distribution with the following language:

Your Annual Drinking Water Quality Report is available at health.arkansas.gov/eng/727. Copies are available upon request from our office.

A copy of the water bill or other notice of the above, electronic distribution method **must be sent** to this office for approval prior to sending it to your customers.

Date electronic distribution notice sent to customers: ______

□ The CCR was directly delivered to customers.

Date mailed or hand-delivered to customers:

□ **Important:** <u>All water systems are required to make a "Good Faith Effort" to reach non-bill receiving customers.</u>

Good faith efforts include providing copies of the CCR to renters and employees of large employers, providing copies of the CCR to community organizations, posting the CCR in public locations, publishing the report in a local newspaper or newsletter, and posting the CCR on a publicly accessible website.

Good Faith Effort methods used: _____

This form must be received by the Engineering Section by July 1, 2025. Return the completed form, along with a copy of the Consumer Confidence Report, to the following address:

Arkansas Department of Health Engineering Section, Slot 37 4815 West Markham Little Rock, AR 72205-3867